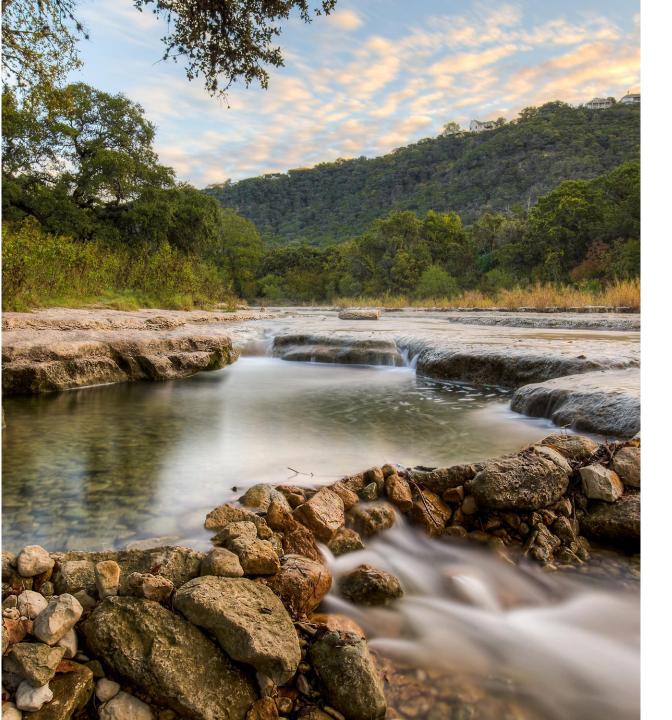
HILL COUNTRY WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Texas Water Law, Hill Country Hydrology, and Current Challenges

Presented by: Marisa Bruno, Water Program Manager

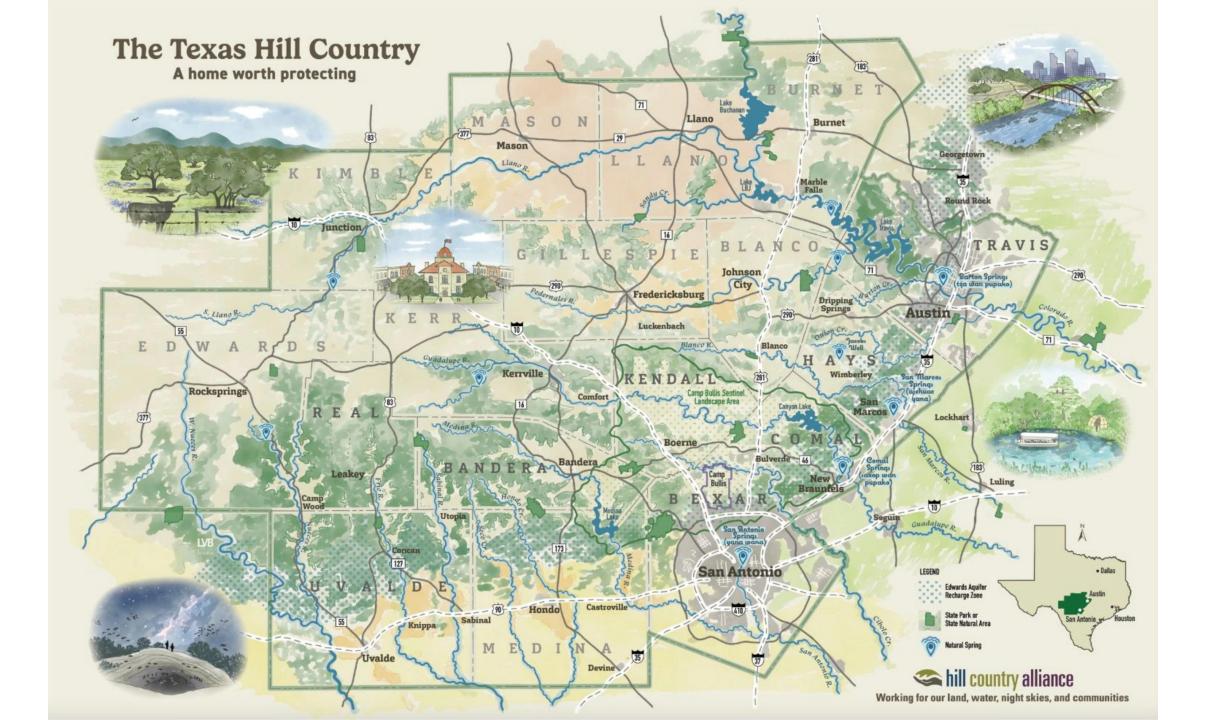






Hill Country Alliance

The Hill Country Alliance (HCA) is a nonprofit organization working to bring together a diverse coalition of partners to preserve the open spaces, starry night skies, clean and abundant waters, and unique character of the Texas Hill Country.



INVESTIGATIONS

Kerr County official: Flood was 500+ year 'tsunami'

by: <u>Matt Grant</u>
Posted: Jul 21, 2025 / 03:47 PM CDT
Updated: Jul 21, 2025 / 09:37 PM CDT



Source: KXAN

Canyon Lake is at a historic low, and it's going to get worse. Here's why.

Story by Liz Teitz, Staff writer • 5mo • 5 min read



The drop in Canyon Lake's water level is clear on the north side of the lake on Oct. 23, 2024. Canyon Lake was 53% full when this photo was taken; it's now down to 47% full, and officials expect the water level to continue to drop.
© Marvin Pfeiffer, Staff Photographer

Source: San Antonio Express News

The historic drop in Canyon Lake's water level shows no signs of stopping or slowing, as years of drought continue to take a toll on the Hill Country reservoir.



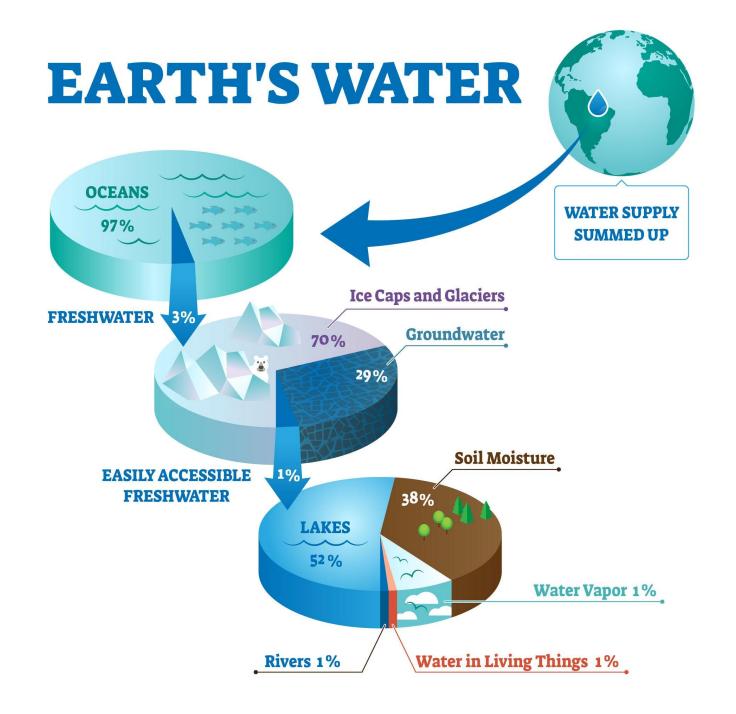
The left image shows what Jacob's Well should look like, and the right image shows the current state of Jacob's Well. (Courtesy David Baker)

Source: KXAN

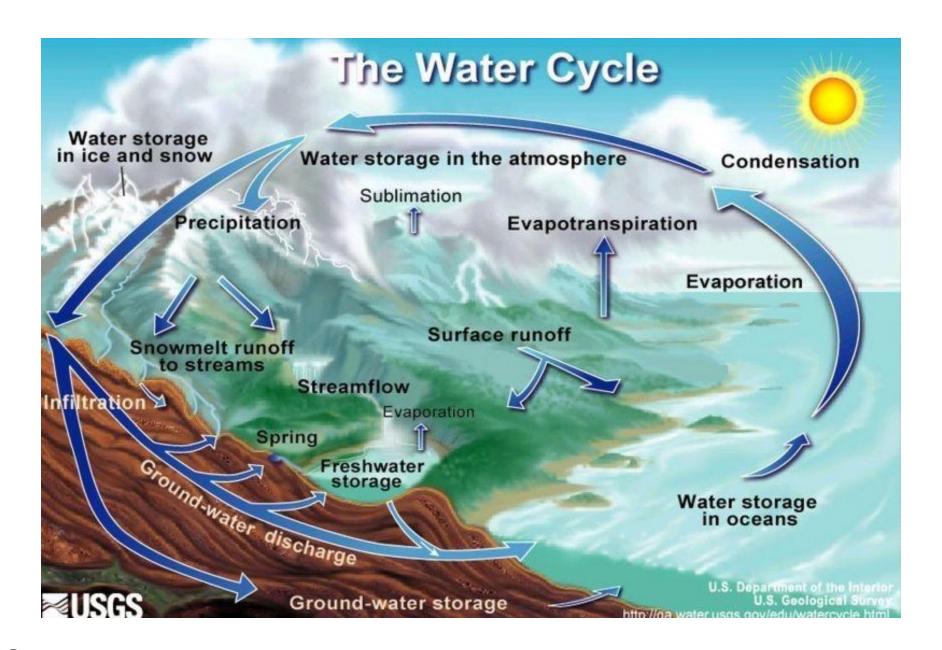
How did we get here and what can we do about it?

What we'll cover

- Basics of Texas Water Law
- Background: Hill Country Hydrology
- Current Challenges Hill Country Water Resources
- Solutions



Source: normaals



Source: USGS

Basics of Texas Water Law

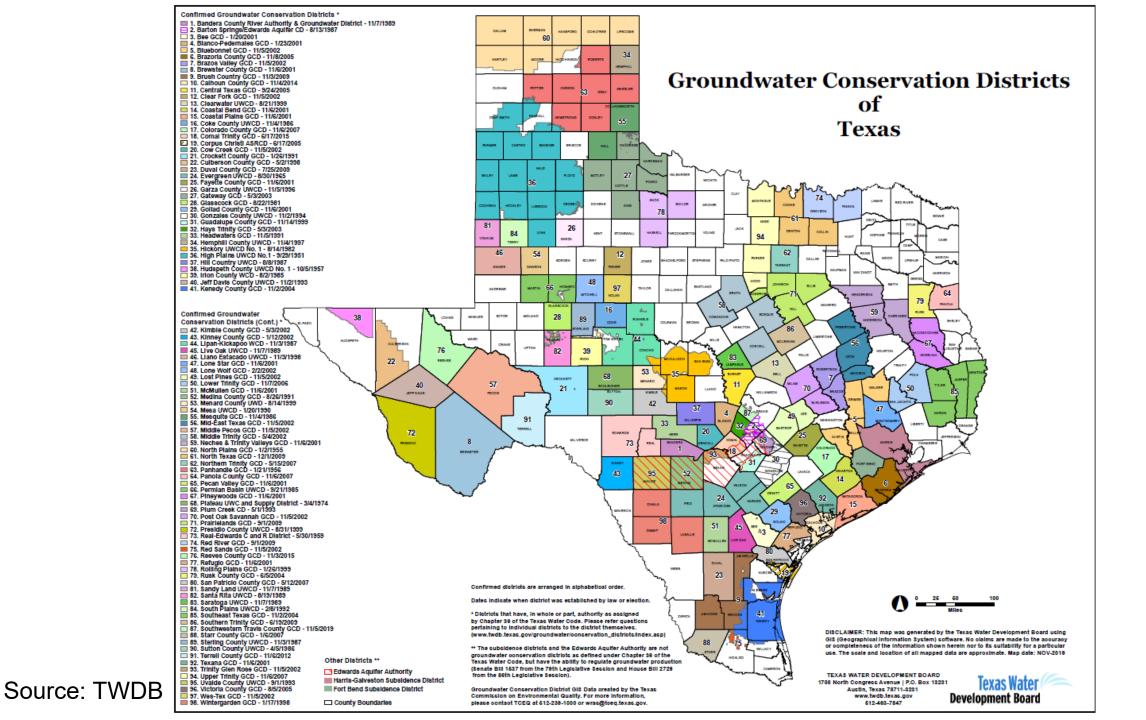
Surface Water

- Owned by the state
- Water rights managed by TCEQ through a permitting system
- Prior Appropriation: Water rights are granted under the rule "first in time, first in right," meaning older (senior) rights have priority during shortages.
- Water rights can be inherited or transferred and keep their priority date
- TCEQ surface water rights are fully allocated

Note: Riverfront landowners may use small amounts for **domestic or livestock purposes** without a permit or water right

Groundwater

- Private property right
- Historically, law of the biggest pump/rule of capture
- Groundwater Conservation Districts → modified rule of capture
- GCDs are not all made equal (local rules and local control)
- Residential & livestock wells are mostly <u>exempt</u> not subject to any regulation except can't pump more than 25,000 gallons per day





Source: Hill Country Alliance

Water Governance

Federal

- Environmental Protection Agency
- International Boundary and Water Commission
- US Army Corps of Engineers
- US Fish & Wildlife Service
- US Geological Survey
- US Bureau of Reclamation
- Natural Resource Conservation Service

State

- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
- Texas Water Development Board
- Texas Park & Wildlife Department
- Public Utility Commission
- Railroad Commission
- Texas State Soil & Water Conservation Board

Local & Regional

- River Authorities
- Groundwater Conservation Districts
- Water Utilities
- Municipal Utility Districts
- Soil & Water Conservation Districts
- · Irrigation Districts
- · Levee Improvement Districts
-



Water Planning in Texas

Statewide

- State Water Plan
 - 16 regional water planning groups
- State Flood Plan
 - 15 regional flood planning groups

Strategies in the state plans qualify for state funding.

Local

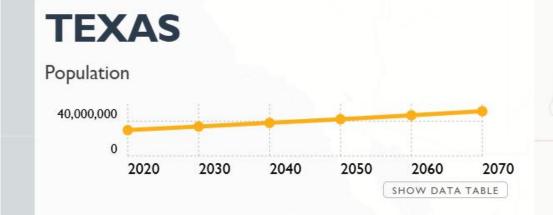
- Joint Groundwater Planning & "Desired Future Conditions"
 - 16 Groundwater Management Areas

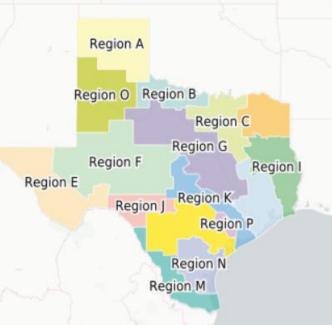




ABOUT







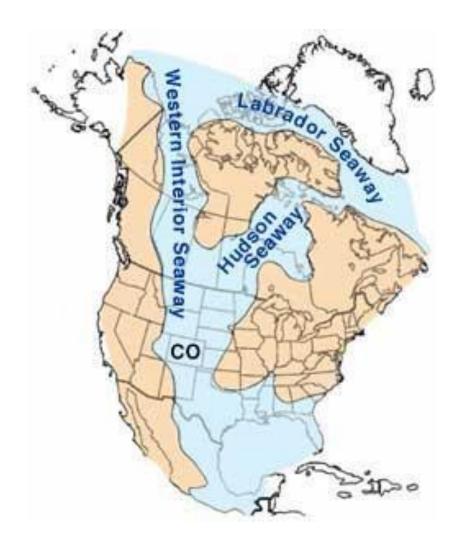
This website lets water users statewide take an up-close look at the 2022 State Water Plan data and how water needs change over time by showing:

- projected water demands,
- existing water supplies,
- the relative severity and projected water needs (potential shortages),
- o the water management strategies recommended to address potential shortages, and
- o recommended capital projects and their sponsors.

What we'll cover

- Basics of Texas Water Law
- Background: Hill Country Hydrology
- Current Challenges Hill Country Water Resources
- Solutions?

~145-66 million years ago

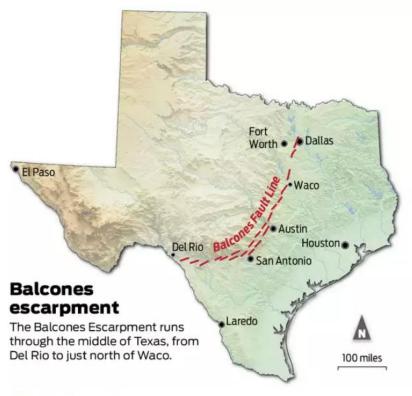




Source: Wikipedia commons

Source: USGS, Core Research Center

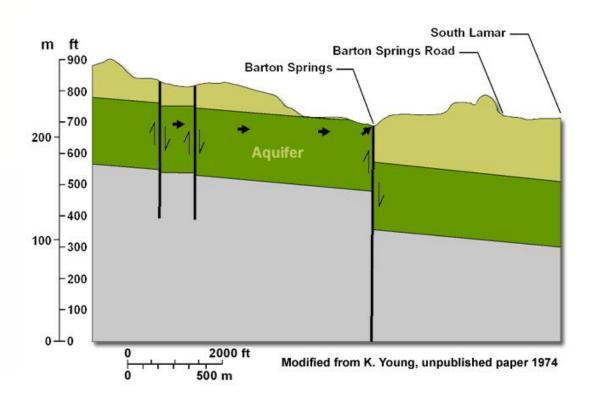
Major faulting took place ~20-25 million years ago



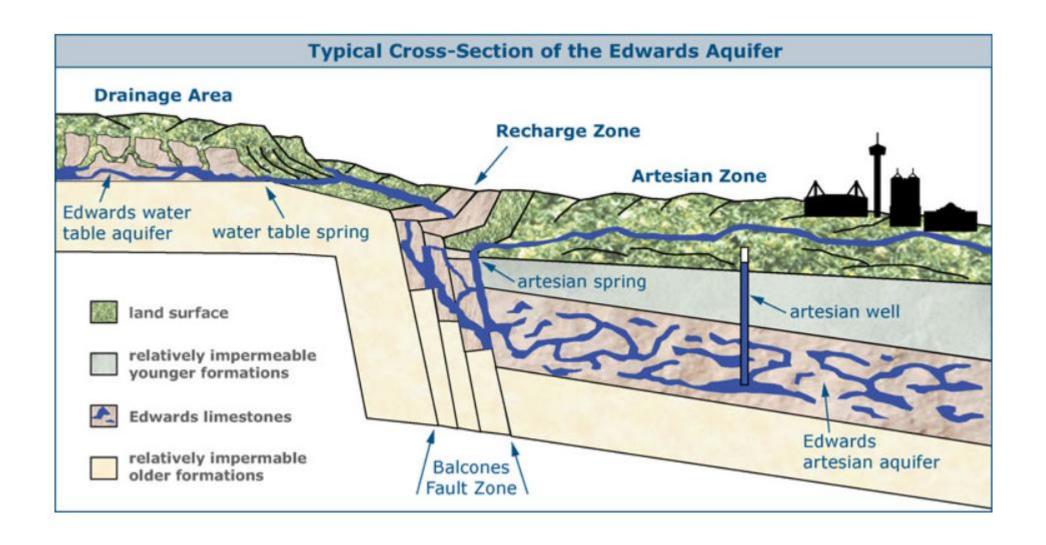
The Balcones Escarpment runs through Central Texas.

San Antonio Express-News



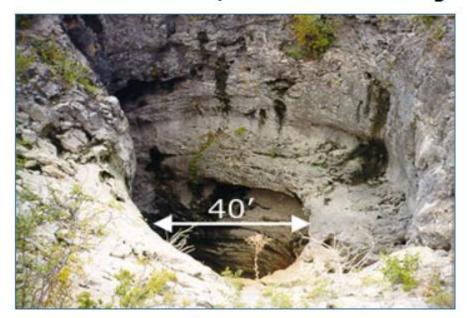


Source: BEG and K.Young



Source: Greg Eckhardt, EdwardsAquifer.net

The Valdina Farms / Seco Creek Recharge Project

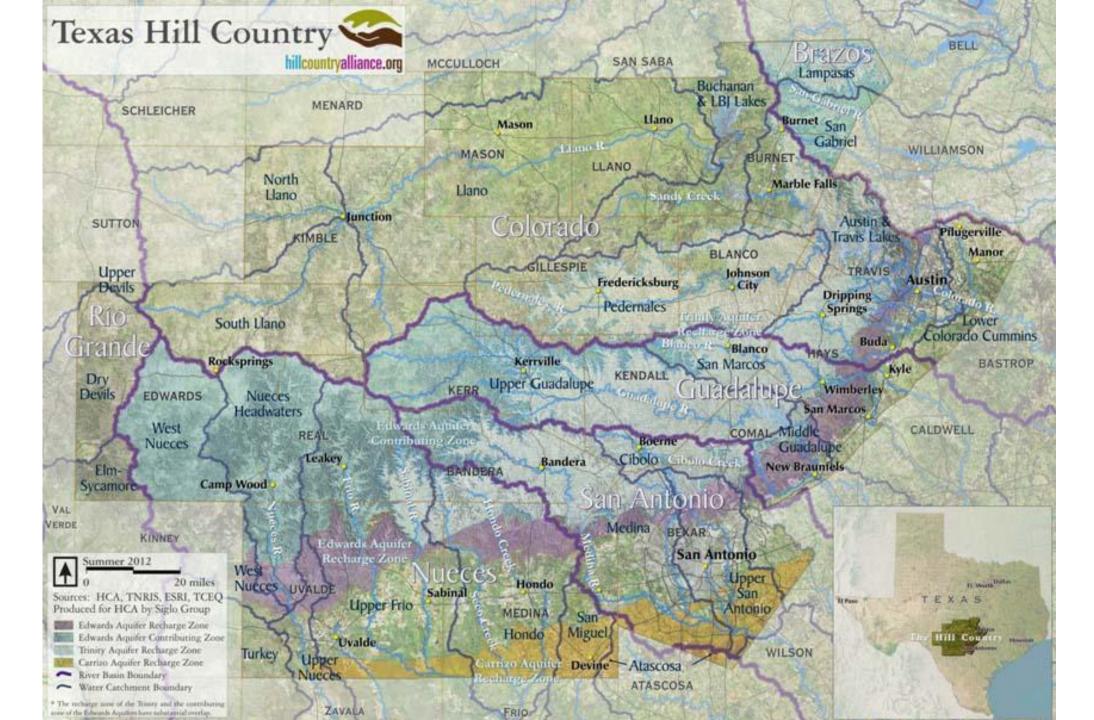


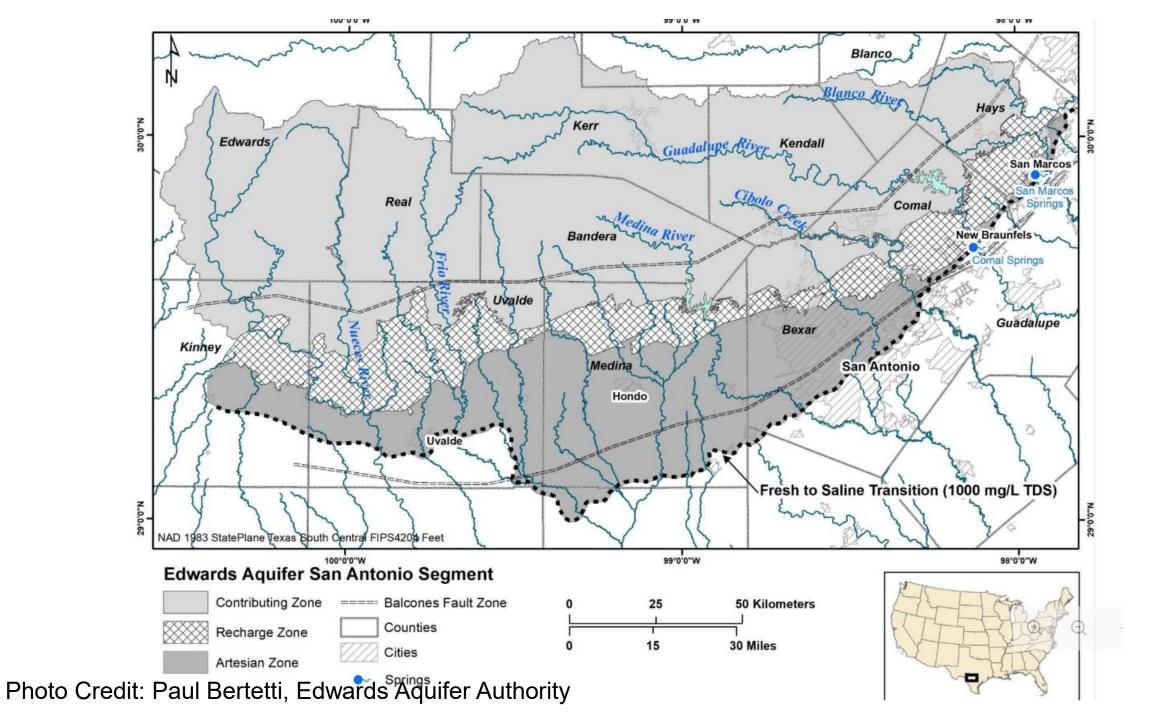


Source: Greg Eckhardt, EdwardsAquifer.net



Photo Credit: Scott Bauer





KARST!





Source: TESPA



Source: Bamberger Ranch

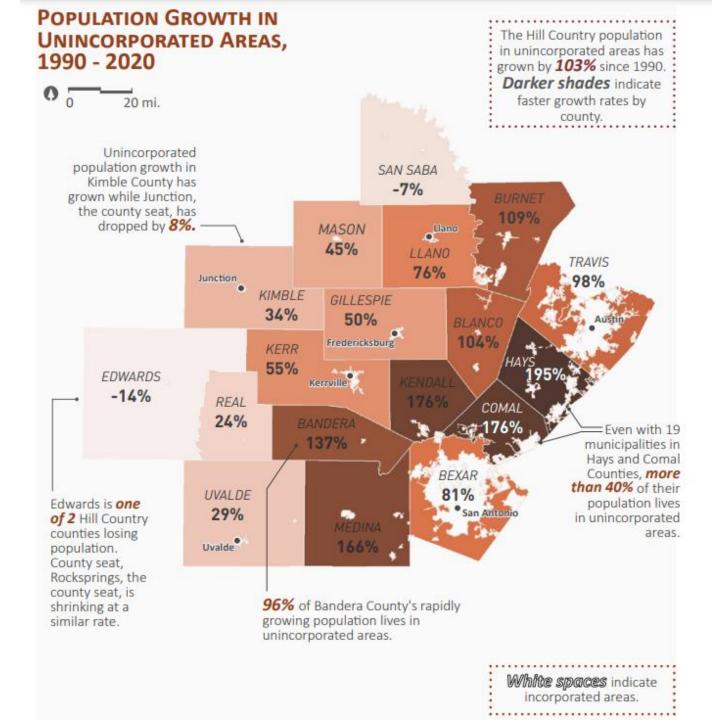
What we'll cover

- Basics of Texas Water Law
- Background: Hill Country Hydrology
- Current Challenges for Hill Country Water Resources
- Solutions?

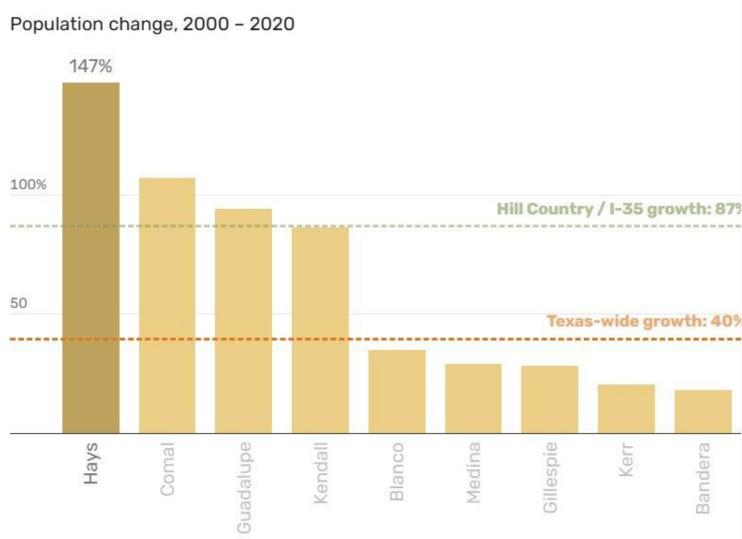
Challenge #1: Growth

Since 1990, the population of the unincorporated Hill Country has more than doubled.

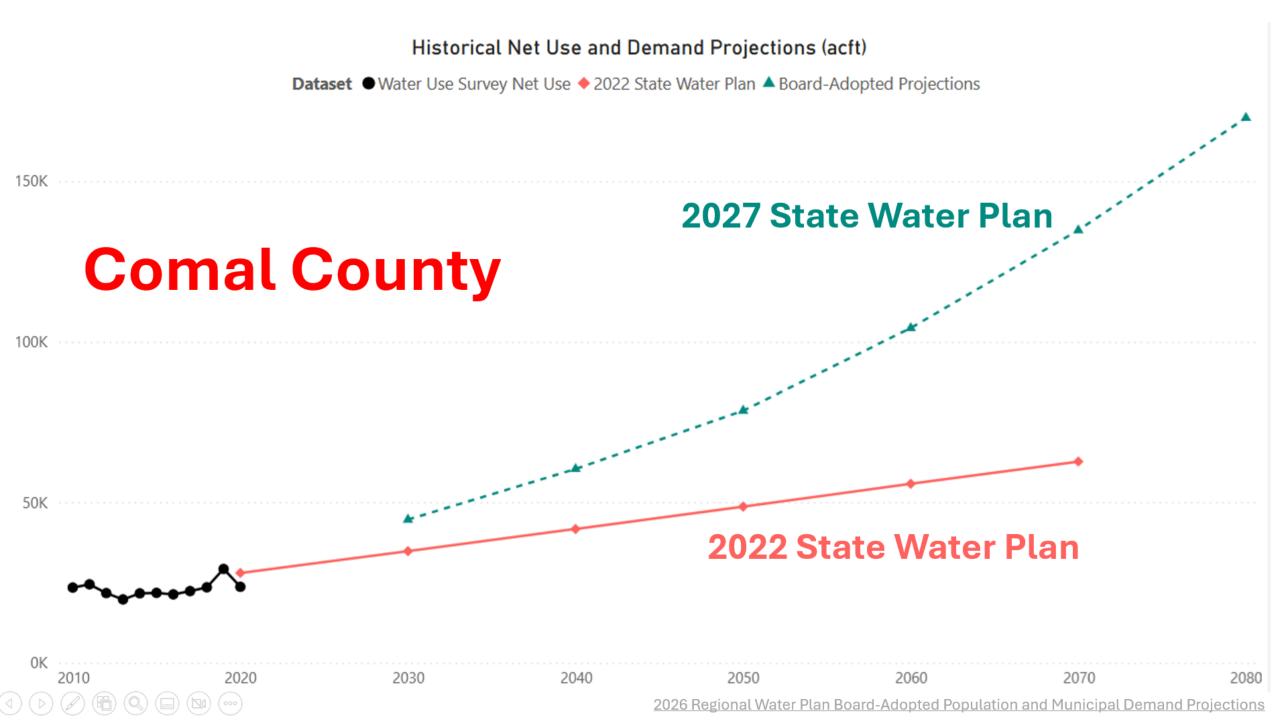
State of the Hill Country Report Published: Spring 2022



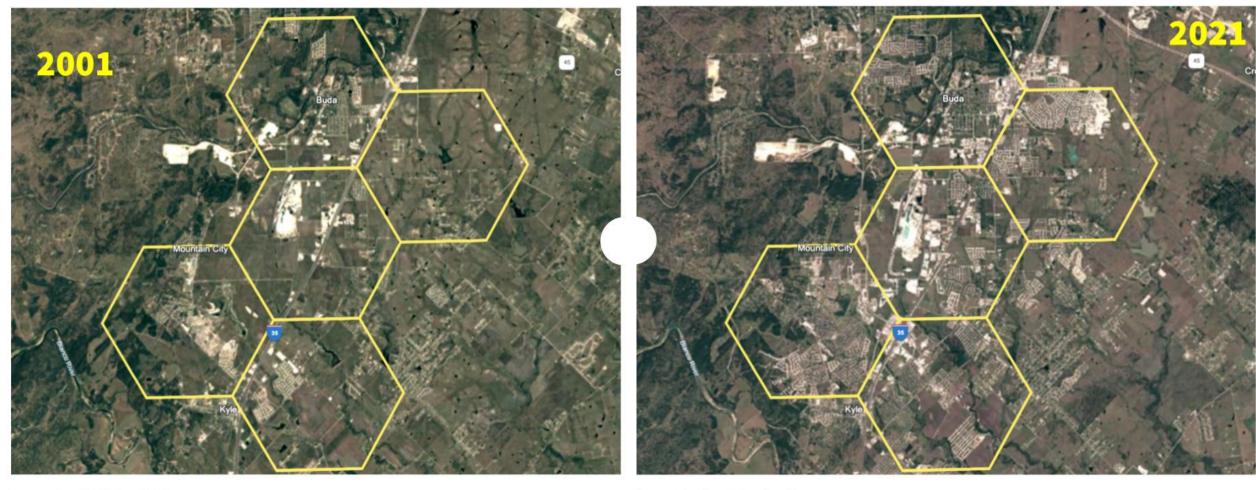
Strong population growth in Hill Country and I-35 corridor



Source: San Antonio Express News, Satellite data shows quickest developing areas in the Texas Hill Country, I-35 corridor, May 2024

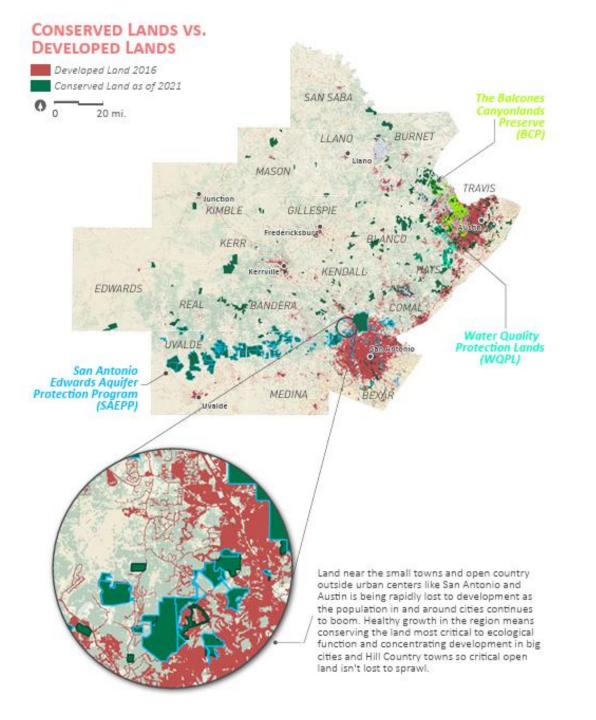


Buda and Kyle



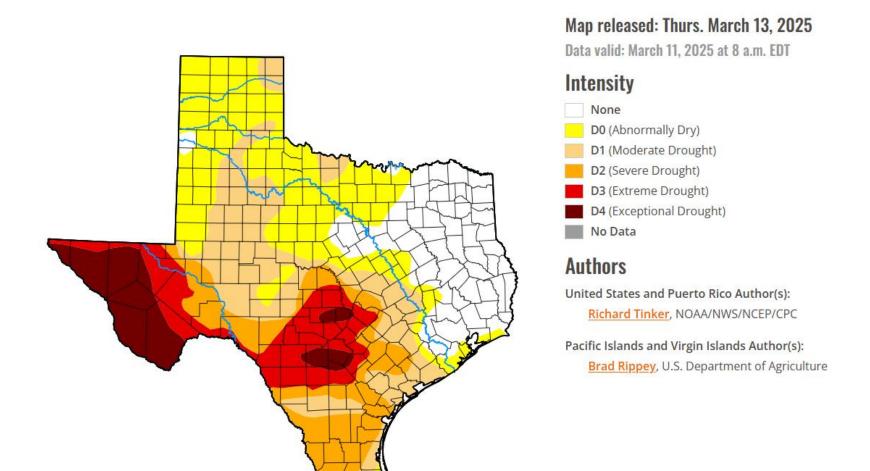
Source: Landsat7, Landsat8

Source: San Antonio Express News, Satellite data shows quickest developing areas in the Texas Hill Country, I-35 corridor, May 2024



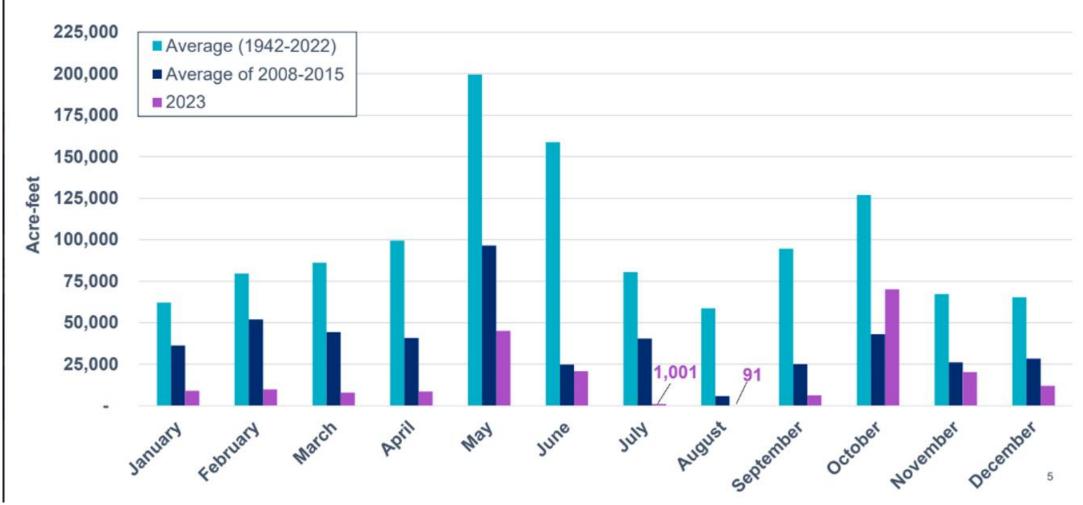
Challenge #2: Drought

Drought

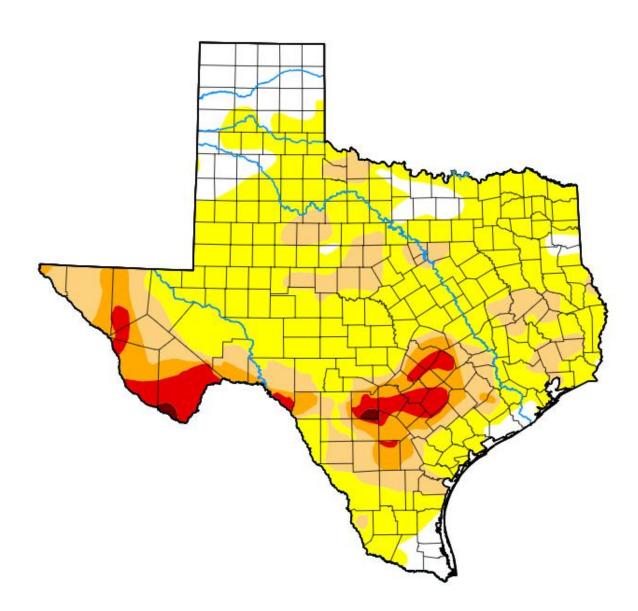


Source: U.S. Drought Monitor

Water Flowing Into Lakes Buchanan and Travis



Source: LCRA



Map released: Thurs. October 16, 2025

Data valid: October 14, 2025 at 8 a.m. EDT

Intensity

- None
- D0 (Abnormally Dry)
- D1 (Moderate Drought)
- D2 (Severe Drought)
- D3 (Extreme Drought)
- D4 (Exceptional Drought)
- No Data

Authors

United States and Puerto Rico Author(s):

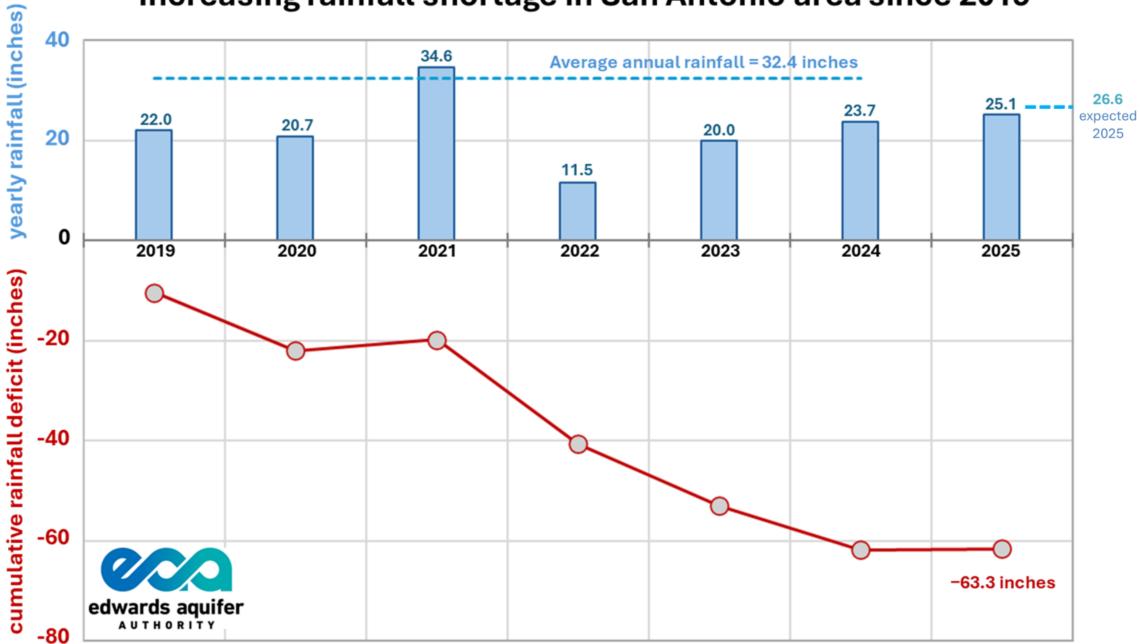
Richard Tinker, NOAA/NWS/NCEP/CPC

Pacific Islands and Virgin Islands Author(s):

Tsegaye Tadesse, National Drought Mitigation Center

Source: U.S. Drought Monitor

Increasing rainfall shortage in San Antonio area since 2019



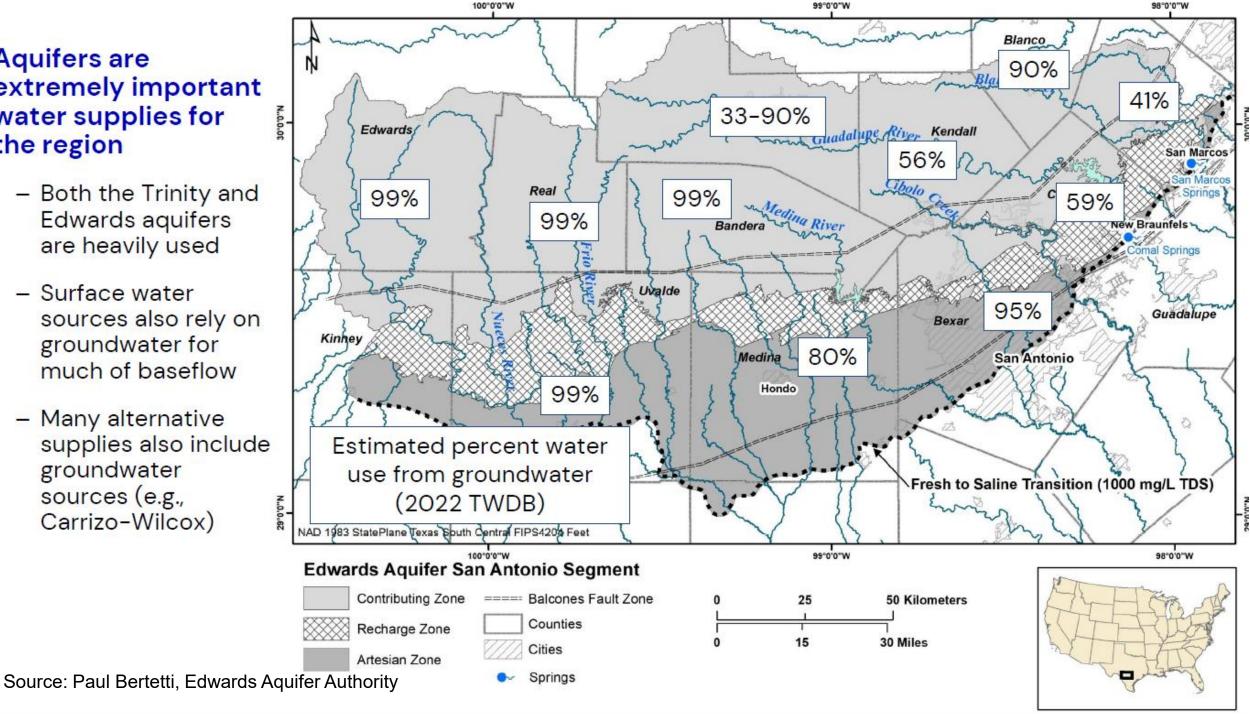
Source: Paul Bertetti, Edwards Aquifer Authority, Oct 17

Index Well (J-17) for San Antonio pool of the Edwards Aquifer



Aquifers are extremely important water supplies for the region

- Both the Trinity and Edwards aquifers are heavily used
- Surface water sources also rely on groundwater for much of baseflow
- Many alternative supplies also include groundwater sources (e.g., Carrizo-Wilcox)



Reservoirs

Drought

Groundwater

Coastal

Lake Evaporation/Rainfall

TexMesonet



Statewide

By Planning Area •

By River Basin▼

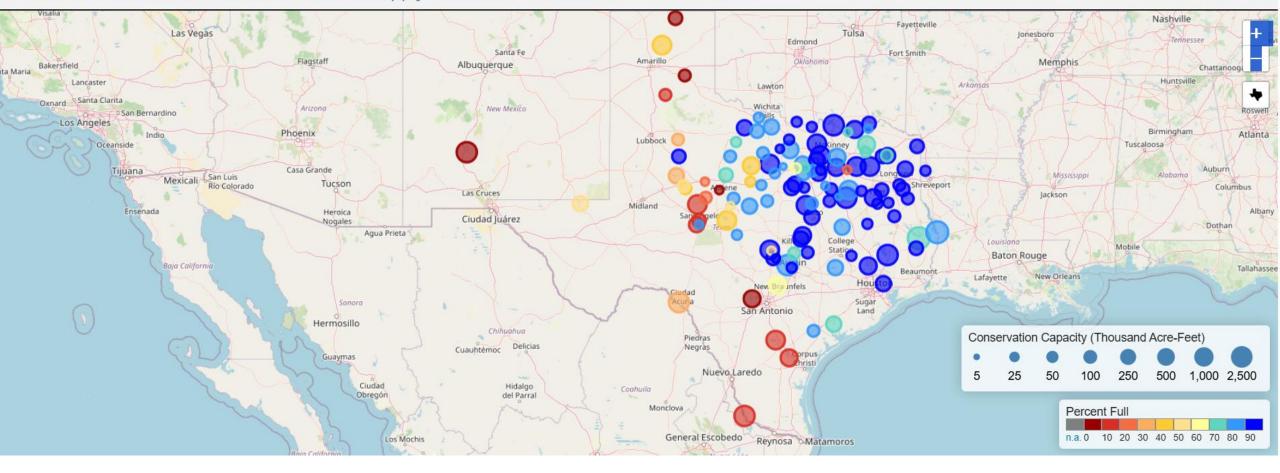
By Municipal Area -

By Climate Region▼

☆ Flooding

About -

Texas Reservoirs: Monitored Water Supply Reservoirs are 73.9% full on 2025-10-22



Challenge #3: Flash Floods



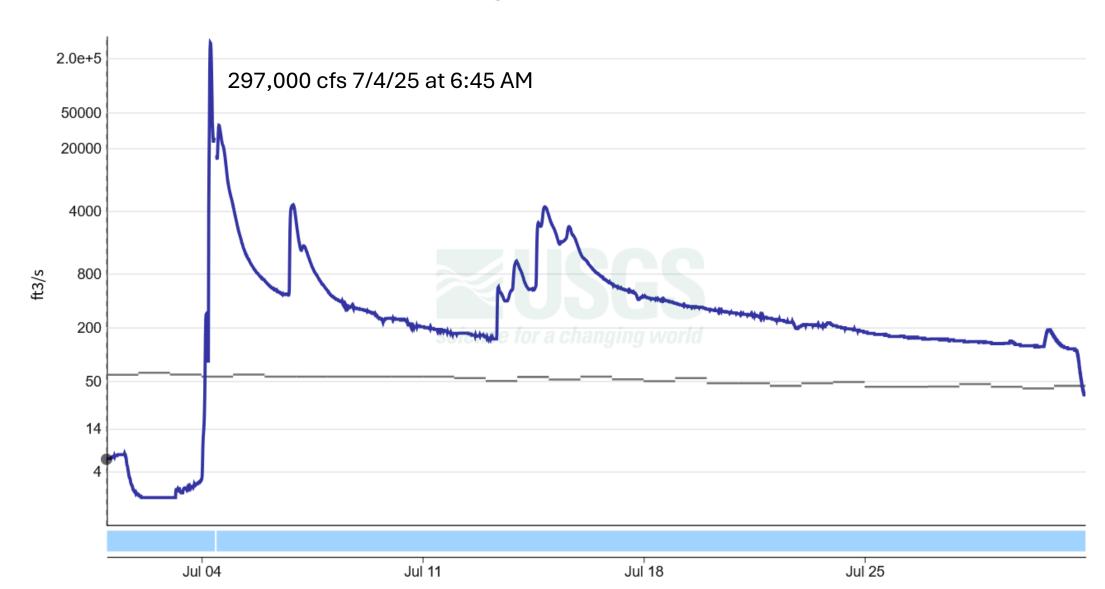
Source: Bamberger Ranch

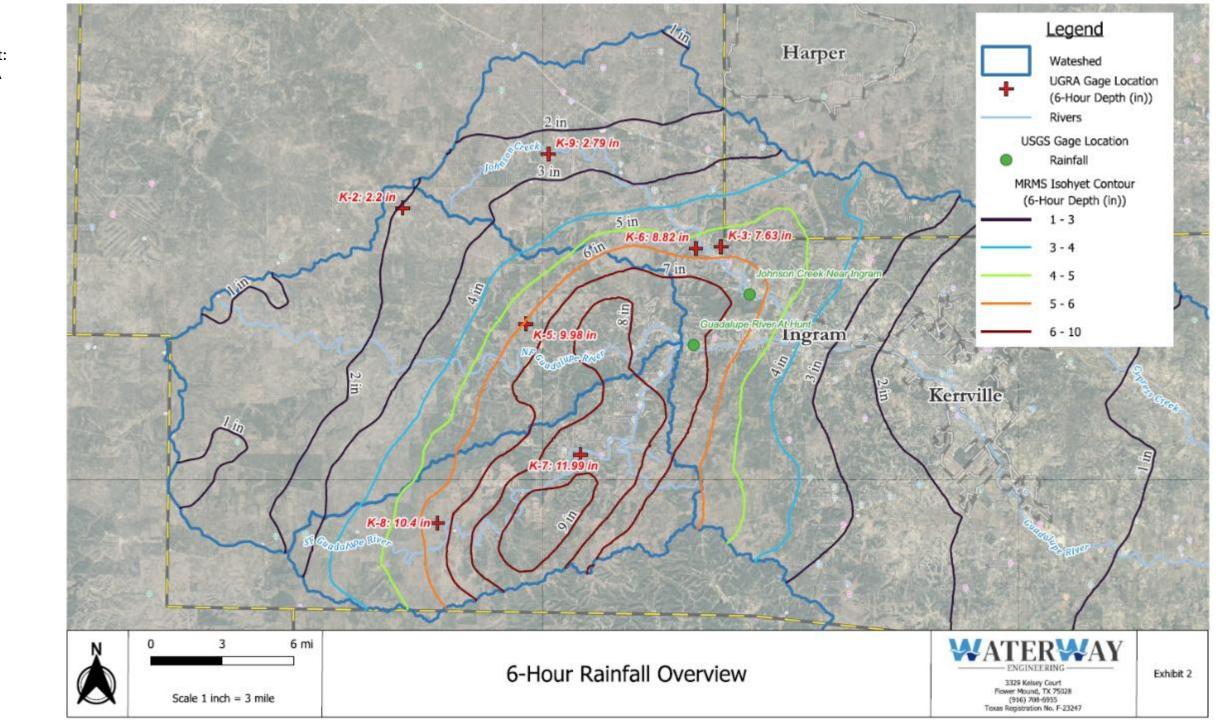
Credit: UGRA



Credit: UGRA

using custom time span July 1, 2025 - July 31, 2025
 Discharge, cubic feet per second





Historic Floods

Hunt

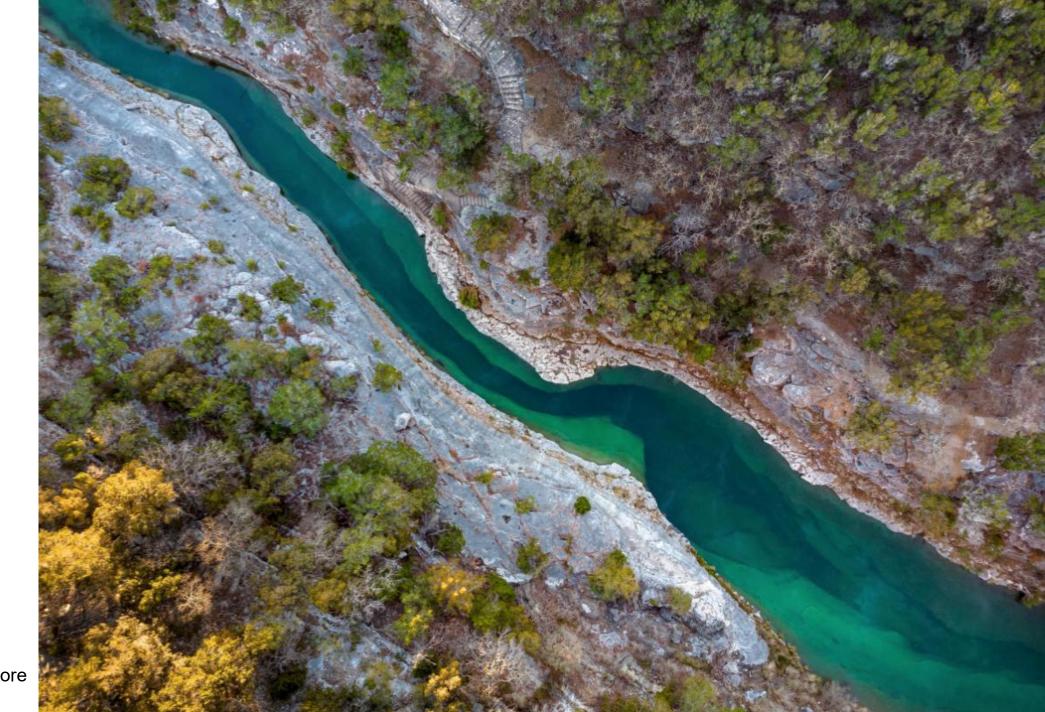
- 1. 37.51 feet on 7/4/2025*
- 2. 36.60 feet on 7/2/1932
- 3. 28.40 feet on 7/17/1987
- 4. 23.50 feet on 8/2/1978
- 5. 22.80 feet on 10/19/1985

Kerrville

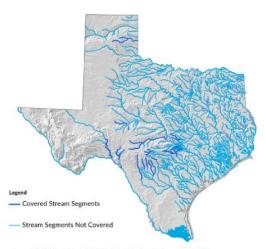
- 1. 39.00 feet on 7/2/1932
- 2. 37.72 feet on 7/17/1987
- 3. 34.29 feet on 7/4/2025*
- 4. 17.93 feet on 11/23/2000
- 5. 17.73 feet on 10/28/1996



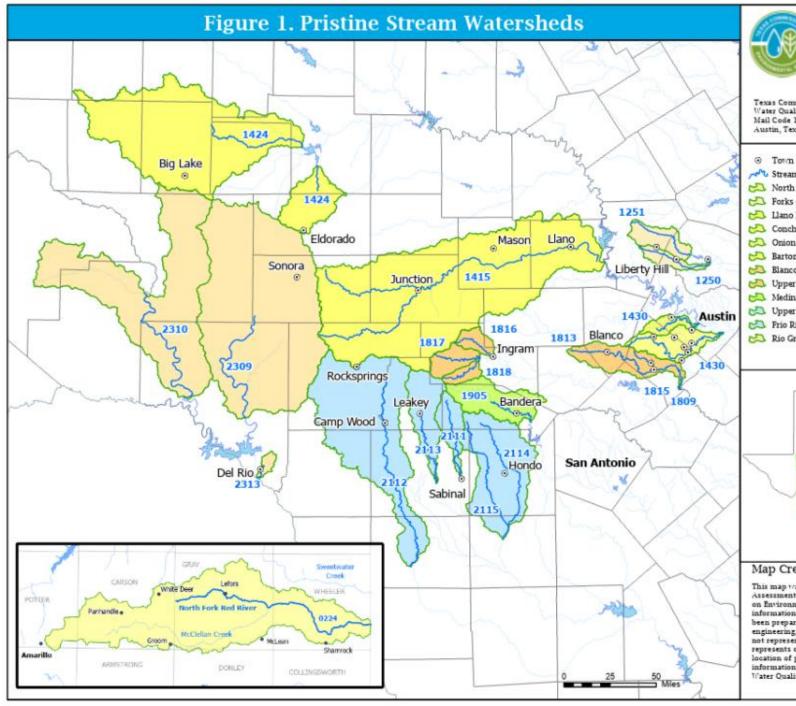
Challenge #4: Wastewater



Frio River Photo Credit: Jordan Moore



Source: TCEQ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Data, Selected Segments (Exhibit B). Map by Robin Gary, WVWA, 2/10/2022





Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Water Quality Assessment Mail Code 150 Austin, Texas 78711-5087

Stream Segment

North Fork Red River Watershed

Forks of San Gabriel River Watershed

Llano River Watershed

Concho River Tributaires Watershed

Onion Creek Watershed

Barton Creek Watershed

Blanco River Watershed

Upper Guadalupe River Watershed

Medina River Watershed

Upper Nueces River Watershed

Frio River Tributaries Watershed

Rio Grande Tributaries Watershed



Map Created on: 6/27/2022

This map was generated by the Water Quality Assessment Team of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. This product is for informational purposes and may not have been prepared for or be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes. It does not represent an on-the-ground survey and represents only the approximate relative location of property boundaries. For more information concerning this map, contact the Water Quality Division at (512) 239-4671.



Algae bloom in South San Gabriel River downstream of the Liberty Hill wastewater plant (Courtesy Save Barton Creek Association)

Source: **KXAN**

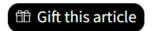
San Antonio Express-News



'Not in my water faucet:' Residents step up fight against proposed Guajolote Ranch wastewater plant

Elena Bruess, San Antonio Express-News

April 19, 2023 | Updated: April 19, 2023 7:34 p.m.







San Antonio Express-News







NEWS // TEXAS HILL COUNTRY

Critics set to push back against Comal County project that calls for 1,400 homes, wastewater plant

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality is holding a public hearing Thursday to get community feedback on the proposal.

Ricardo Delgado, Barry L. Harrell, San Antonio Express-News

June 6, 2023 | Updated: June 6, 2023 5:41 p.m.









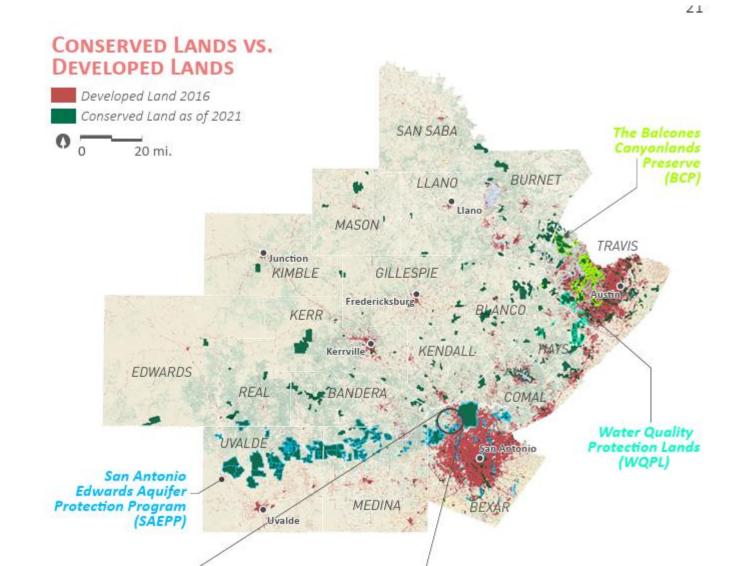


Challenge #5: Local regulators have limited tools

- GCDs must honor that groundwater is a private property right.
- Counties can't do zoning or regulate impervious cover.

What can we do about these challenges?

1. Conserve & Restore the Landscape.



ABOUT PROPOSITION A



Source: Kendall County





HILLSIDE STEWARDSHIP LANDOWNER WORKSHOP

Join us in the field for a hands-on workshop to learn and use low-cost, low-tech methods for enhancing land health. **Bring your work gloves!** During this field day, we will build log and rock structures to mitigate erosion, enhance drought and flood resilience, and increase plant production.

WHERE: PURE PASTURES RANCH, CANYON LAKE, TX

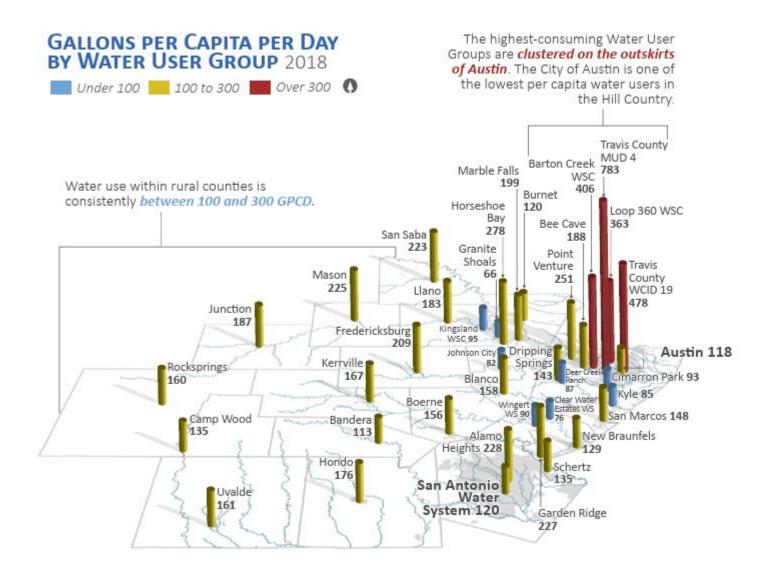
WHEN:

SATURDAY | MAY 31, 2025 9:00 AM - 2:00 PM

COST: \$30 - LUNCH (LOCAL, GRASS-FED BEEF BURGERS), SNACKS, DRINKS & EDUCATIONAL MATERIALS INCLUDED

SPACE IS LIMITED.

2. Conserve water.



Water managers estimate that 60-70% of potable water goes to LANDSCAPING in the summer!

Rainwater Harvesting in Central Texas

A Practical Guide

Rainwater harvesting gives Texans a reliable way to conserve groundwater and supplement their water supply. This guide shows how to capture and use rain for everything from gardening to drinking.

5 Key Benefits of Rainwater Harvesting

1. RELIABILITY

A 2,000 sq ft roof can collect 40,000 gallons with a 32" annual rainfall. Unlike wells, rainwater systems give homeowners independent control and closer monitoring of their own supply—which is vital during droughts.

2. COST CONTROL

As municipal water prices rise, collecting free rainwater can save thousands of dollars over time. You also avoid the cost of drilling a new or deeper well when supplies run low.

3. WATER QUALITY

Rainwater is clean, soft, and mineralfree, leaving no residue on plumbing, hair, or clothes—unlike groundwater, which can be very hard.

4. EASE OF TREATMENT

Rainwater is simple to treat, and RWH systems are easy to clean and maintain —with plenty of experts available if you prefer not to install or maintain it yourself.

5. ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

RWH reduces run-off, erosion, and contamination from sediments, fertilizers and pesticides. It also prevents flooding, transforming stormwater from a hazard into a valuable water source.



WHAT IS RAINWATER HARVESTING?

Rainwater harvesting is the practice of collecting, storing, and using rain that falls on rooftops or other surfaces. This water can be used for irrigation, livestock, or even household uses—including drinking—when properly filtered and disinfected. Systems range from simple barrels for gardening to fully integrated potable systems for entire homes.

WHY HARVEST RAINWATER IN CENTRAL TEXAS?

Central Texas is experiencing more and more frequent droughts, rapid population growth, and an increasingly stressed and limited groundwater supply. In rural areas, residents often depend on wells that are unable to recharge quickly, may have poor water quality, and can be at risk of drying up entirely. Fortunately, the region typically receives 25–35 inches of rainfall per year—enough to supply a household if captured and stored effectively. Rainwater harvesting turns unpredictable storms into a reliable water source.

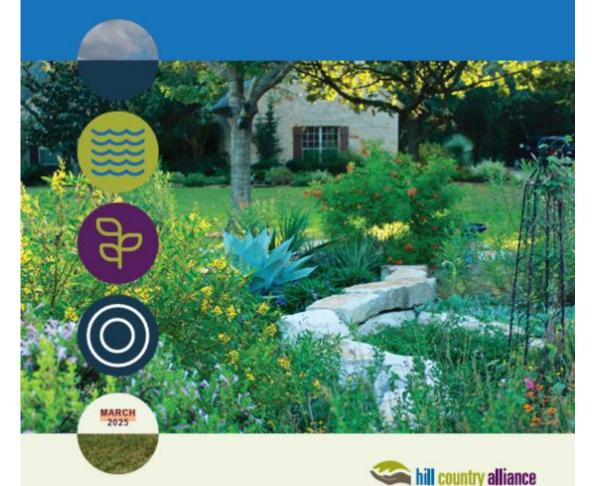
Feature	20,000-Gallon Rainwater System	Drilled 450' Well System
Initial Cost	\$24k-\$35k*	\$50k-70k+ (deeper = more \$)
Reliability	High (with good design)	Variable (risk of going dry)
Water Quality	High, easy to treat	May require advanced treatment or softener
Maintenance	Low (annual UV light changes and quarterly filter changes)	Moderate (pump, testing)
Permitting	Simple local codes	May require well permits

*2025 cost estimates



MODEL LANGUAGE FOR HOAS IN THE TEXAS HILL COUNTRY

A practical guide for protecting and preserving water resources, native landscapes, and night skies



3. Consider site-generated supplies.

BLUE HOLE PRIMARY SCHOOL CASE STUDY

Strategies:

- Rainwater Harvesting & AC Condensate Capture
- Dual plumbing
- Green stormwater infrastructure
- Onsite wastewater treatment reuse for irrigation

Benefits:

- Save water & money
 - Projected to reduce use of the Trinity Aquifer by 90 percent compared to neighboring schools
 - Projected to save \$800,000 over 30 years in utilities
- Put off infrastructure expansion
- Protect environment and community



Source: Watershed Association

4. Work with the legislature to protect our natural resources.

In booming Central Texas, wastewater is polluting rivers and streams

A bill in the Legislature would protect the last 21 pristine watersheds in Texas. But for years, previous attempts have been defeated by powerful homebuilders.

BY DYLAN BADDOUR, **INSIDE CLIMATE NEWS**APRIL 28, 2025, 5:00 A.M. CENTRAL

REPUBLISH / SHARE



Source: <u>Texas Tribune</u>

WHAT PROPOSITION 4 DOES



Repair Leaks

Fixing pipes to stop losing billions of gallons yearly.



Ensure Safety

Cleaner, more reliable water with fewer boil notices.



Support Growth

Securing more water supply for Texas jobs, families, and businesses.



Protect Resources

Conserving rivers, springs, and aquifers for generations.



Source: texaswaterfund.com

What YOU can do

- Learn about Prop 4 and make a plan to vote
- If you water your landscape and don't already harvest rain, explore
 if that might be an option for you.
- If you're in an HOA, look at your Landscape Guidelines. If there's an opportunity to improve them so that they might better promote water-wise landscapes, get in touch!
- Join our newsletter to stay informed on Hill Country Water News.



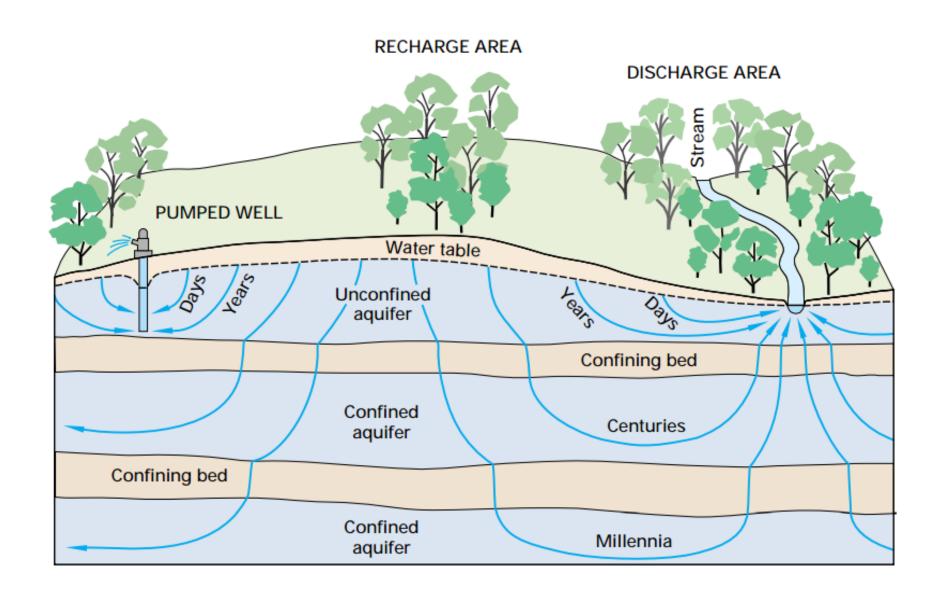
My goal is for you to understand the basics of water in the Hill Country so you can become better advocates for sustainable water practices (and policy) in your community and the state.

DIRT & ROCKS



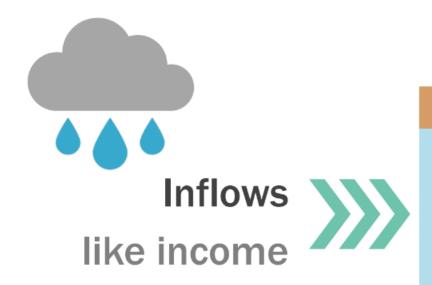
An aquifer is a **geologic media** that can yield **economically usable** amounts of water

Source: Natalie Ballew, Texas Water Development Board

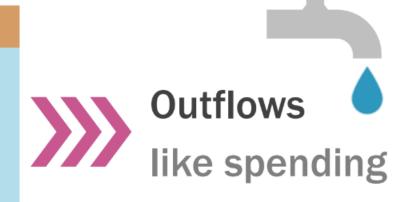


Source: USGS

Water budgets



Aquifer storage like a bank account



Source: Natalie Ballew, Texas Water Development Board